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## SENATE BILL No. 478

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### DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

**Citations Affected:** IC 35-42-4-9; IC 35-50-1-2.

**Synopsis:** Sexual misconduct with a minor. Specifies that the defenses to the offense of sexual misconduct with a minor do not apply if: (1) the offense is committed by using or threatening the use of deadly force; (2) the offense is committed while armed with a deadly weapon; (3) the offense results in serious bodily injury; or (4) the commission of the offense is facilitated by furnishing the victim, without the victim's knowledge, with a drug or a controlled substance or knowing that the victim was furnished with the drug or controlled substance without the victim's knowledge. Makes the offense of sexual misconduct with a minor that involves deadly force, a deadly weapon, or a drug or controlled substance a "crime of violence" for purposes of the law concerning consecutive and concurrent sentencing.

**Effective:** July 1, 2001.

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**Bowser**

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January 22, 2001, read first time and referred to Committee on Corrections, Criminal and Civil Procedures.

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First Regular Session 112th General Assembly (2001)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in **this style type**, and deletions will appear in ~~this style type~~.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or ~~this style type~~ reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2000 General Assembly.

## SENATE BILL No. 478

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

*Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:*

- 1 SECTION 1. IC 35-42-4-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS  
2 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2001]: Sec. 9. (a) A person at least  
3 eighteen (18) years of age who, with a child at least fourteen (14) years  
4 of age but less than sixteen (16) years of age, performs or submits to  
5 sexual intercourse or deviate sexual conduct commits sexual  
6 misconduct with a minor, a Class C felony. However, the offense is:  
7 (1) a Class B felony if it is committed by a person at least  
8 twenty-one (21) years of age; and  
9 (2) a Class A felony if it is committed by using or threatening the  
10 use of deadly force, if it is committed while armed with a deadly  
11 weapon, if it results in serious bodily injury, or if the commission  
12 of the offense is facilitated by furnishing the victim, without the  
13 victim's knowledge, with a drug (as defined in IC 16-42-19-2(1))  
14 or a controlled substance (as defined in IC 35-48-1-9) or knowing  
15 that the victim was furnished with the drug or controlled  
16 substance without the victim's knowledge.  
17 (b) A person at least eighteen (18) years of age who, with a child at



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least fourteen (14) years of age but less than sixteen (16) years of age, performs or submits to any fondling or touching, of either the child or the older person, with intent to arouse or to satisfy the sexual desires of either the child or the older person, commits sexual misconduct with a minor, a Class D felony. However, the offense is:

(1) a Class C felony if it is committed by a person at least twenty-one (21) years of age; and

(2) a Class B felony if it is committed by using or threatening the use of deadly force, while armed with a deadly weapon, or if the commission of the offense is facilitated by furnishing the victim, without the victim's knowledge, with a drug (as defined in IC 16-42-19-2(1)) or a controlled substance (as defined in IC 35-48-1-9) or knowing that the victim was furnished with the drug or controlled substance without the victim's knowledge.

(c) It is a defense that the accused person reasonably believed that the child was at least sixteen (16) years of age at the time of the conduct. **However, this subsection does not apply to an offense described in subsection (a)(2) or (b)(2).**

(d) It is a defense that the child is or has ever been married. **However, this subsection does not apply to an offense described in subsection (a)(2) or (b)(2).**

SECTION 2. IC 35-50-1-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2001]: Sec. 2. (a) As used in this section, "crime of violence" means:

(1) murder (IC 35-42-1-1);

(2) voluntary manslaughter (IC 35-42-1-3);

(3) involuntary manslaughter (IC 35-42-1-4);

(4) reckless homicide (IC 35-42-1-5);

(5) aggravated battery (IC 35-42-2-1.5);

(6) kidnapping (IC 35-42-3-2);

(7) rape (IC 35-42-4-1);

(8) criminal deviate conduct (IC 35-42-4-2);

(9) child molesting (IC 35-42-4-3);

(10) **sexual misconduct with a minor as a Class A felony under IC 35-42-4-9(a)(2) or Class B felony under IC 35-42-4-9(b)(2);**

(11) robbery as a Class A felony or a Class B felony (IC 35-42-5-1);

~~(11)~~ (12) burglary as a Class A felony or a Class B felony (IC 35-43-2-1); or

~~(12)~~ (13) causing death when operating a motor vehicle (IC 9-30-5-5).

(b) As used in this section, "episode of criminal conduct" means

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1 offenses or a connected series of offenses that are closely related in  
2 time, place, and circumstance.

3 (c) Except as provided in subsection (d) or (e), the court shall  
4 determine whether terms of imprisonment shall be served concurrently  
5 or consecutively. The court may consider the aggravating and  
6 mitigating circumstances in IC 35-38-1-7.1(b) and IC 35-38-1-7.1(c)  
7 in making a determination under this subsection. The court may order  
8 terms of imprisonment to be served consecutively even if the sentences  
9 are not imposed at the same time. However, except for crimes of  
10 violence, the total of the consecutive terms of imprisonment, exclusive  
11 of terms of imprisonment under IC 35-50-2-8 and IC 35-50-2-10, to  
12 which the defendant is sentenced for felony convictions arising out of  
13 an episode of criminal conduct shall not exceed the presumptive  
14 sentence for a felony which is one (1) class of felony higher than the  
15 most serious of the felonies for which the person has been convicted.

16 (d) If, after being arrested for one (1) crime, a person commits  
17 another crime:

18 (1) before the date the person is discharged from probation,  
19 parole, or a term of imprisonment imposed for the first crime; or

20 (2) while the person is released:

21 (A) upon the person's own recognizance; or

22 (B) on bond;

23 the terms of imprisonment for the crimes shall be served consecutively,  
24 regardless of the order in which the crimes are tried and sentences are  
25 imposed.

26 (e) If a court determines under IC 35-50-2-11 that a person used a  
27 firearm in the commission of the offense for which the person was  
28 convicted, the term of imprisonment for the underlying offense and the  
29 additional term of imprisonment imposed under IC 35-50-2-11 must be  
30 served consecutively.

31 SECTION 3. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2001] **This act applies only to**  
32 **crimes committed after June 30, 2001.**

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